



INTERNET FOR ALL

FUNDED BY THE BIPARTISAN INFRASTRUCTURE LAW

ADMINISTERED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE'S NATIONAL
TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION ADMINISTRATION

MAY 2022





"We'll make sure every single, every single, American has access to high-quality, affordable, high-speed Internet," Biden said during his speech. "When I say affordable, I mean it. Americans pay too much for Internet service. We're going to drive down the price for families who have service now and make it easier for families who don't have affordable service to be able to get it now."

-PRESIDENT JOE BIDEN



The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law is a once-in-a-generation investment in infrastructure and competitiveness

Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

- Otherwise known as the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, a \$1.2T bill passed by Congress and signed into law by President Biden on November 15, 2021
- Largest ever investments in high-speed Internet, rail and transit, clean energy, and water
- Allocated funding to over 350 distinct programs across more than a dozen federal departments and agencies

This historic legislation will:

- Deliver **clean water** to all families and eliminate the nation's lead service lines
- Ensure every American has access to affordable, reliable, **high-speed Internet**
- Repair and rebuild **roads and bridges**
- Improve **transportation options** and reduce greenhouse emissions
- Upgrade our nation's **airports and ports** to strengthen our supply chains
- Make the largest investment in **passenger rail** since Amtrak's creation
- Build a national network of **electric vehicle chargers**
- Upgrade **power infrastructure** to deliver clean, reliable energy
- **Make infrastructure resilient** against the impacts of climate change, cyber-attacks, and extreme weather events
- Deliver the largest investment in tackling **legacy pollution** in US history

Please see [Build.gov](https://www.build.gov) for more details on the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

The Bipartisan Infrastructure Law invests ~\$65B to ensure everyone in America has access to high-speed Internet



Goal is to build infrastructure that provides reliable high-speed Internet **access** to all Americans **for today and tomorrow...**

...with a focus on making high-speed Internet **affordable** and **reliable** so **everyone** can participate in the economy...

... and providing the resources needed to **equitably** expand the adoption and use of the Internet so **everyone** can experience the benefits.

Bipartisan Infrastructure Law invests roughly \$65B into high-speed internet efforts through 7 federal programs:

Administered by National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA)

- Broadband Equity, Access, and Deployment (BEAD) Program (\$42.45B)
- Digital Equity Planning, Capacity, and Competitive Grants (\$2.75B)
- Tribal Broadband Connectivity Program (\$2.00B)
- Middle Mile Broadband Infrastructure Program (\$1.0B)

Administered by other federal agencies

- Affordable Connectivity Program (\$14.2B)
- Rural Broadband Programs at the Department of Agriculture (\$2.0B)
- Private Activity Bonds (\$0.6B)

High-speed internet helps individuals and our country

These are some of the ways that high-speed internet has transformed our world:



Maximizing savings for education

The internet is not a luxury, it's a necessity. Students are asked to utilize internet to complete homework assignments, do research, apply to college or trade schools. Students who don't have access in their home are left out and left behind.



Stimulating growth in the economy

By connecting the workplace, we can better connect businesses to consumers. New markets can increase sales and create jobs. High-speed internet helps American businesses compete for talent and business in the global marketplace.



Lowering costs for health

Telehealth reduces hospital visits and cuts down hospital stay time. Hospitals with high-speed internet save money because they have lower administration costs. By offering telehealth, they save money while improving patient access.



Strengthening ties in our community

High-speed internet connects us to services we need. It helps first responders save lives, lets us connect with our elected officials, and it strengthens our ties to our neighbors. One in four Americans get online alerts about local issues, and one in five use digital tools to stay in touch with their community.

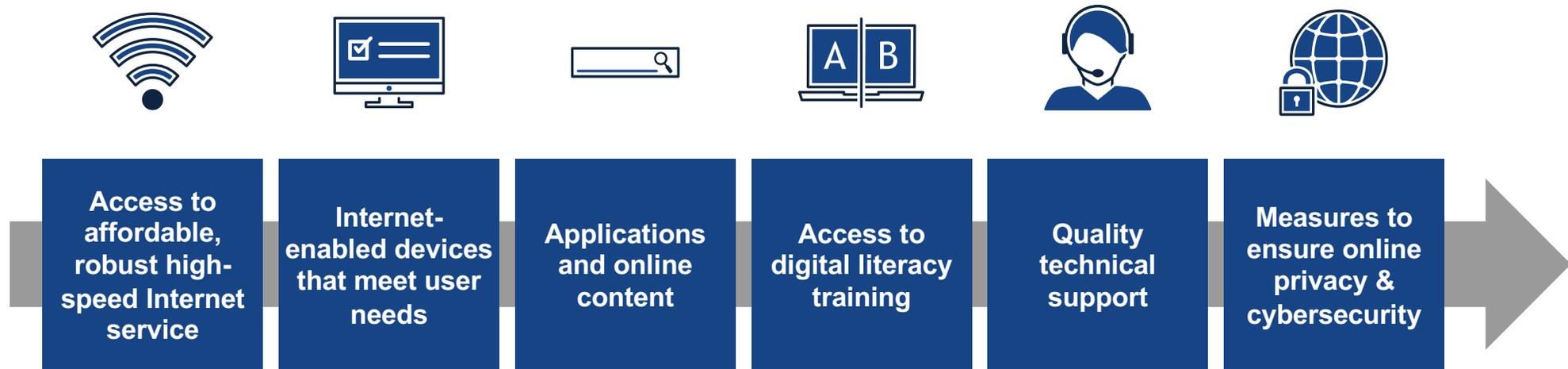
Affordable, reliable, high-speed Internet has remained elusive for too long

The "digital divide" refers to the gap between those who have access to high-speed Internet and those who have limited or no access, driven by three key barriers

|  Access |  Affordability |  Adoption and Digital Literacy |
|--|--|---|
| <p>Many Americans live in areas that are not covered by high-speed Internet service providers or where service is not reliable</p> | <p>Many American households cannot afford to pay for the costs of devices or monthly service</p> | <p>Many Americans are not aware of available service offers or lack the digital skills to participate online</p> |

This gap is particularly acute for communities of color, Tribal nations, lower-income areas, and both urban and rural communities

Americans require a range of Internet tools and services to maximize the benefits of high-speed Internet access



High-speed Internet gives people freedom to live, work, and learn what they want, when they want, where they want



Students will have opportunities to **learn** outside the classroom



American small businesses will be able to fully participate in the **economy**



Patients will have access to **telehealth services** to improve their health



Americans will be more readily connected to **civil services** and resources



Business owners will have freedom to sell their goods to a wide range of buyers



Farmers will access agricultural technology and connections needed to help them thrive



Consumers will have more purchasing options



Americans will be able to access a wide variety of **entertainment** options



Americans will be able to **connect** to more family, friends, and loved ones



Americans will be able to more easily practice their **faith**



People will have access to **good-paying jobs** and opportunities



NTIA will administer ~\$48B through four programs that drive high-speed internet access, affordability, and adoption

NTIA will administer ~\$48B of funding from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

| BEAD | DIGITAL EQUITY | TRIBAL | MIDDLE MILE | FCC to administer \$14.2B For Affordable Connectivity Program, which replaced the EBB program |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| <p>\$42.45B</p> | <p>\$2.75B</p> | <p>\$2.00B</p> | <p>\$1.00B</p> | <p>USDA to administer \$2.0B Via the Rural Utilities Service</p> |
| <p>Broadband Equity, Access & Deployment Program</p> <p>A program to get all Americans online by funding partnerships between states or territories, communities, and stakeholders to build infrastructure where we need it to and increase adoption of high-speed internet.</p> | <p>Digital Equity Act</p> <p>Three programs that provide funding to promote digital inclusion and advance equity for all. They aim to ensure that all communities can access and use affordable, reliable, high-speed internet to meet their needs and improve their lives.</p> | <p>Tribal Connectivity Technical Amendments</p> <p>A program to help tribal communities expand high-speed internet access and adoption on tribal lands.</p> | <p>Enabling Middle Mile Broadband Infrastructure</p> <p>A program to expand middle mile infrastructure, to reduce the cost of connecting unserved and underserved areas.</p> | <p>Private Activity Bonds \$0.6B</p> <p>Authorizes State and local governments to use private activity bonds for rural broadband</p> |





BEAD program will provide ~\$42.45B for infrastructure planning and implementation

Funding pool
\$42.45B

A program to get all Americans online by funding partnerships between states or territories, communities, and stakeholders to build infrastructure where we need it to and increase adoption of high-speed internet.

PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

Entities eligible to apply for this program include:

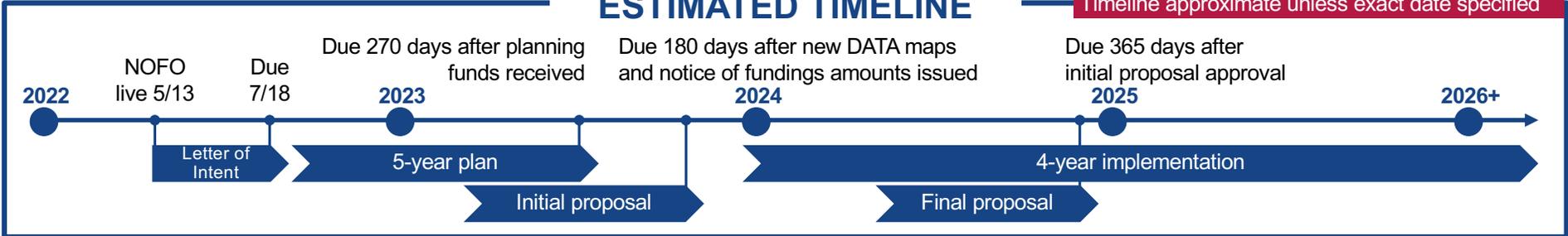
- All 50 States
- The District of Columbia and Puerto Rico
- Other Territories: U.S. Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

Example eligible uses of funds include:

- ☆ Planning for deployment of Internet
- ☆ Deploying or upgrading Internet
- ☆ Installing Internet in multi-tenant buildings
- ☆ Implementing adoption and digital equity programs
- ☆ Workforce and job training

ESTIMATED TIMELINE

Timeline approximate unless exact date specified





Digital Equity Act created three programs to promote digital equity and inclusion

Funding pool
\$2.75B

Three programs that provide funding to promote digital inclusion and advance equity for all. They aim to ensure that all communities can access and use affordable, reliable, high-speed internet to meet their needs and improve their lives.

PROGRAMS HIGHLIGHTS

The Digital Equity Act created three programs:

State Planning

- \$60M formula funding program to develop digital equity plans

State Capacity

- \$1.44B formula funding program to implement plans & promote digital inclusion

Competitive

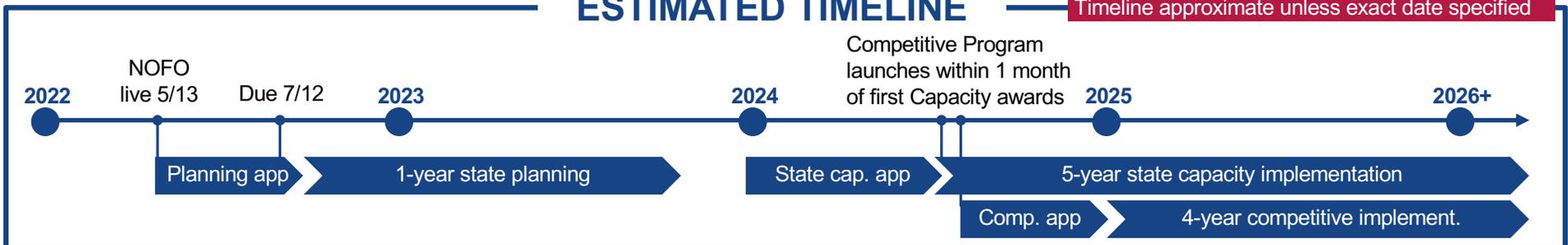
- \$1.25B to implement digital equity and inclusion activities

Example eligible uses of funds include:

- ☆ Developing digital equity plans; states must develop a plan to be eligible for state capacity grants
- ☆ Making awards to other entities to help make digital equity plans
- ☆ Improving accessibility and inclusivity of public resources
- ☆ Implementing digital equity plans and related activities
- ☆ Providing digital literacy and digital skills education
- ☆ Facilitating the adoption of high-speed Internet

ESTIMATED TIMELINE

Timeline approximate unless exact date specified



Technical amendments and new funding will strengthen current Tribal Broadband Connectivity Program

Funding pool
\$2.00B

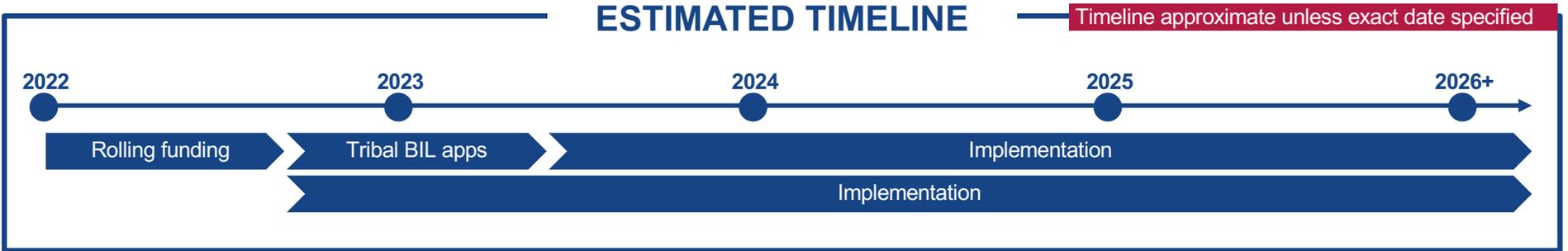
A program to help tribal communities expand high-speed internet access and adoption on tribal lands.

PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

New funding will be used for additional new grants and to fully fund grants from first round of awards

Amendments to original program:

- Relaxes time requirements of original program
- Allows infrastructure grantees to spend up to 2.5% of the total project cost for related planning, feasibility, and sustainability studies
- Preserves unused allocated funds for other Tribal broadband projects instead of reverting to the Treasury



Middle Mile Grant Program will invest in the construction, improvement or acquisition of middle mile infrastructure

Funding pool
\$1.00B

A program to expand middle mile infrastructure, to reduce the cost of connecting unserved and underserved areas.

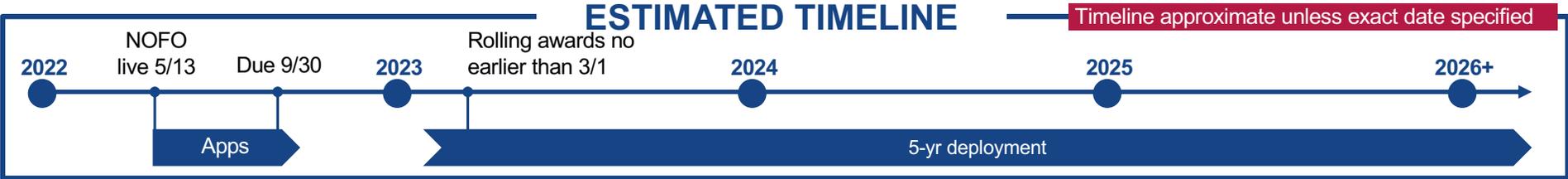
PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

Middle mile infrastructure refers to the mid-section of Internet infrastructure that carries large amounts of data at high speeds over long distances and connects the "backbone" of Internet infrastructure to the "last mile", which connects to end users

Entities eligible to apply include a wide variety of entities, incl. but not limited to government entities, utilities, companies, and non-profits that provide Internet services

Example uses of funds:

- ☆ Construction, improvement, or acquisition of facilities and equipment
- ☆ Engineering design, permitting, and work related to projects
- ☆ Personnel costs, including salaries and benefits
- ☆ Other costs necessary to program's activities



Source: California Department of Technology, ["What is the middle mile"?](#)

There are many ways stakeholders may get involved in the programs

Illustrative, non-exhaustive

Telecom provider

- Apply to be a BEAD subgrantee or apply directly for Middle Mile
- *Note: Telecom providers may include government owned entities*



Community anchor institution

- Benefit from BEAD funding for faster Internet
- Apply for Digital Equity competitive grant
- Advocate for community interests across programs



Community orgs

- Serve as a thought partner as states design their outreach strategies
- Advocate for community interests across programs



Tribal government

- Coordinate, consult, and partner with states during BEAD planning
- Apply for a Middle Mile, Tribal Broadband, or Digital Equity capacity and competitive grants



Local government

- Collaborate with state to develop Digital Equity plan and during BEAD planning
- Apply for a Middle Mile or Digital Equity capacity and competitive grants



Individual

- Participate in digital skill and literacy courses funded by programs
- Contact local reps for more information

Additional resources about the programs

- 1 Visit the InternetForAll.gov for additional information on federal funding programs
- 2 Engage with your State or territory regarding their plans to improve high-speed Internet access
- 3 Submit questions to InternetForAll@ntia.gov
- 4 Attend future NTIA webinars, including program-specific application guidance webinars for applicants



